

# Wireless Communications Systems Design with MATLAB and USRP Software-Defined Radios

## Prerequisites

MATLAB® *Fundamentals* and knowledge of digital communications systems

| Day 1 of 2  |  |
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| <b>Communication over a Noiseless Channel</b>             | <p><b>Objective:</b> Modeling an ideal single-carrier communications system and becoming familiar with System objects.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Sampling theorem and aliasing</li><li>Using complex baseband versus real passband simulation</li><li>Creating a random bit stream</li><li>Discovering System objects and their benefits</li><li>Modulating a bit stream using QPSK</li><li>Applying pulse-shaping to the transmitted signal</li><li>Using eye diagrams and spectral analysis</li><li>Modeling a QPSK receiver for a noiseless channel</li><li>Computing bit error rate</li></ul>  |
| <b>Noisy Channels, Channel Coding, and Error Rates</b>    | <p><b>Objective:</b> Modeling an AWGN channel. Using convolutional, LDPC, and turbo codes to reduce bit error rate. Error correcting codes from DVB-S.2 and LTE systems are used as examples. Accelerating simulations using multiple cores.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Modeling an AWGN channel</li><li>Using channel coding and decoding: convolutional, LDPC, and turbo codes</li><li>Decoding using Trellis diagram and Viterbi algorithm</li><li>Using Parallel Computing Toolbox to accelerate Monte Carlo simulations</li><li>Discussion of alternative acceleration methods: GPUs, MATLAB Parallel Server™, Cloud Center</li></ul>  |
| <b>Timing and Frequency Errors and Multipath Channels</b> | <p><b>Objective:</b> Modeling frequency offset, timing jitter errors, and mitigation using frequency and timing synchronization techniques. Modeling flat fading, multipath channels, and mitigation using equalizers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Modeling phase and timing offsets</li><li>Mitigating frequency offset using a PLL</li><li>Mitigating timing jitter using Gardner timing synchronization</li><li>Modeling flat fading channels</li><li>Using training sequences for channel estimation</li><li>Modeling frequency selective fading channels</li><li>Using Viterbi equalizers for time-invariant channels and LMS linear equalizers for time-varying channels</li><li>Demonstration of a real-time demodulation of single-carrier broadcast using RTL-SDR</li></ul> |

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| <p><b>Multi-Carrier Communications Systems for Multipath Channels</b></p> | <p><b>Objective:</b> Understanding motivation for multi-carrier communications systems for frequency selective channels. Modeling an OFDM transceiver with a cyclic prefix and windowing. System parameter values from IEEE 802.11ac and LTE will be used.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motivation for multi-carrier communications</li> <li>Introduction to Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)</li> <li>OFDM symbol generation using the IFFT</li> <li>Inter-block interference prevention using a cyclic prefix</li> <li>Reduction of out-of-band emissions using windowing</li> <li>Advantages and disadvantages of OFDM</li> <li>Timing and frequency recovery methods for OFDM</li> <li>Channel estimation using pilot symbols</li> <li>Frequency domain equalization</li> </ul> |
| <p><b>Using Multiple Antennas for Robustness and Capacity Gains</b></p>   | <p><b>Objective:</b> Understanding alternative multiple antenna communications system. Modeling beamforming, diversity, and spatial multiplexing systems. Constructing a MIMO-OFDM system for wideband communications. MIMO modes of IEEE 802.11ac and LTE will be discussed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advantages and types of multi-antenna systems</li> <li>Transmit and receive beamforming</li> <li>Receive diversity techniques</li> <li>Transmit diversity using orthogonal space-time block codes</li> <li>Narrowband multiple input-multiple output (MIMO) channel model</li> <li>MIMO channel estimation</li> <li>Spatial multiplexing using ZF and MMSE equalization</li> <li>Wideband communications using an MIMO-OFDM system</li> </ul>   |
| <p><b>Building a Radio-in-the-Loop System</b></p>                         | <p><b>Objective:</b> Understanding the radio-in-the-loop development workflow. Using RTL-SDRs and USRPs as radio-in-the-loop development platforms.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overview of the radio-in-the-loop workflow</li> <li>MathWorks communications hardware support (RTL-SDR, USRP, Zynq®-Based Radio)</li> <li>Hardware alternative comparison (pros/cons table)</li> <li>Different RIL transmit and receive modes (single burst, looped, streamed)</li> <li>Creation of an end-to-end single-antenna multi-carrier communications system using a USRP</li> <li>Demonstration of a 2x2 OFDM-MIMO over-the-air system using USRPs</li> </ul>  |